## MENTAL HEALTH CONTINUUM MODEL

HEALTHY	REACTING	INJURED	ILL	To
Normal mood fluctuations; Calm and takes things n stride	Irritable/impatient; Nervous; Sadness/overwhelmed	Anger; Anxiety; Pervasively sad/hopeless	Angry outbursts/aggression; Excessive anxiety/ panic attacks; Depressed/suicidal thoughts	*
Good sense of humour; Performing well; n control mentally	Displaced sarcasm; Procrastination; Forgetfulness	Negative attitude; Poor performance or workaholic; Poor concentration/ decisions	Can't perform duties/control behaviour or concentrate; Engaging in behaviours which appear to be markedly out of character	Ru > >
Normal sleep patterns; Few sleep difficulties	Trouble sleeping; Intrusive thoughts; Nightmares	Restless disturbed sleep; Recurrent images/ nightmares	Can't fall asleep or stay asleep; Sleeping too much or too little	>
Physically well; Good energy level	Muscle tension/ headaches; Low energy	Increased aches and pains; Increased fatigue	Physical illnesses; Constant fatigue; Changes to appetite (increased or decreased)	
Physically and socially active	Decreased activity/ socialising	Avoidance; Withdrawal	Not going out or answering phone	
No/limited drug and alcohol use/gambling	Regular but controlled drug and alcohol use/ gambling	Increased drug and alcohol use/ gambling – hard to control	Frequent drug and alcohol or gambling use – inability to control with severe consequences; Out of character decision making e.g. spending	EAT
Maintain positive attitude; Focus on task in hand; Break problems into manageable tasks; Nurture support systems		Make self care a priority; Maintain social contact, don't withdraw; Talk to someone	Follow care recommendations; Know resources available and how to access them	

# THE BIG FOUR Tools for managing mental challenges and being at your best. **TACTICAL** BREATHING Rule of 4 Inhale to count of 4 Exhale for count of 4 Practice for 4 minutes Breathe gently into the diaphragm EXERCISE REGULARLY

**Positive** 

selftalk

FLEXIBLE THINKING First identify thoughts that contribute to stress What are you telling uourself? Challenge thoughts > Is this thought helping me be resilient? > What other ways can I look at this situation? > What evidence do I have that this thought is true? > What would I sau to a friend in this situation?

Good and bad things can occur at the same time - redirect attention to good things that are happening. > Identify three good things that occurred recently Why are they important to you? How can you make these happen more often?

MAKE TIME FOR ACTIVITIES YOU ENJOY

Break things down into manageable

'SMART Goals'

**OPTIMISM** 

**HEALTHY** HARITS When you have a healthy lifestyle you can cope with challenges better. > Identify the healthy behaviour you want to implement Identify the barriers to continuing this behaviour > Make a plan to overcome those barriers TIME WITH FAMILY & FRIENDS Rehearse and imagine success

# **SOMETIMES WE NEED** A HELPING HAND Don't wait for a crisis. Seeking help early will speed your recovery.

### Where to go for help: Contact your GP, health professional, Minister/Kaumatua, or EAP provider. Talk with someone you trust family member, mate, manager. **Useful helplines:** Lifeline Depression 0800 543 354 Helpline



Parent Helpline Free text or call 0800 568 856 1737 anutime

## Government

Health & Safety Lead

### SUPPORTING OTHERS

Look for changes in moods and behaviours

#### When to pay special attention

- > Relationship issues
- > Grief and loss
- > Family concerns
- > Training failure> Illness
- rss > Financial problems
  - > Traumatic event> Career setback

> Disciplinary

action

#### What can I do?

- Offer supportAsk what would be helpful
- > Talk, listen, reassure
- > Don't suggest they 'harden up'
- > Don't take moods personally > Encourage t
- > Encourage them to seek further help

### TE WHARE TAPA WHĀ\*

he four cornerstones of wellhein

Sometimes life can be tough.

Staying well means caring for your body, soul, mind and whānau.

It's a sign of strength to ask for help.



#### Build a solid foundation... Nurture all aspects of your Whare

Te Whare Tapa Whā, Model of health – Mason Durie (1982)

BODY TE TAHA TINANA

Physical health

Eat well, sleep well, exercise SOUL TE TAHA WAIRUA

3

Spiritual health

Acknowledge who you are, what you believe in and where you have come from

MIND TE TAHA HINENGARO

Psychological health

Understand how mental health can shift over time – recognise the signs

Use resilience tools

CONNECTION TE TAHA WHĀNAU

Family health

Nurture and build your relationships

Keep an eye out for your buddies (and get them to do the same for you)



Living Well

Resources to support a healthy lifestyle



Virtual Hope Box Resilience tools

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Calm

Tools to meditate, sleep and relax



Headspace

Guided meditation

#### **USEFUL WEBSITES**

- > mentalhealth.org.nz
- > thelowdown.co.nz
- > parenthelp.org.nz
- > skylight.org.nz
- > depression.org.nz

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# Mental Health

POCKETBOOK

Government Health & Safety Lead